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		\$		

e (1)

DBGEXT.REQ

Version:

'v04-000'

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WRITTEN BY

Rich Title

October 1983

MODIFIED BY

Robert Conti Edward Freedman November 2, 1983 December 12, 1983

MODULE FUNCTION

This module contains the definitions for the control blocks that are used in communications between DEBUG and the ADA multi-tasking run-time system. These same definitions will be extended for use in communication with the PPA multi-tasking system and other run-time systems, at a future time.

G 15 15-Sep-1984 23:02:11 15-Sep-1984 22:42:35

EXTERNAL CONTROL BLOCK

An "External Control Block" is a data structure that can be used when DEBUG needs to call a routine that is not linked in as part of the DEBUG image.

For example, DEBUG will have commands to support ADA multi-tasking. However, DEBUG has no knowledge of the workings of the ADA mutli-tasking system and the data structures that describe tasks. Instead, DEBUG will call a routine in the ADA multitasking system in the course of processing SHOW TASK, SET TASK, or any other command that requires knowledge about tasks.

There will be a single entry point, ADA\$DBGEXT, in the ADA multitasking system which is called by DEBUG. The External Control Block is the only parameter. Similarly, other multitasking run-time systems will have a single entry point, of the form <facility>\$DBGEXT, with the entry point taking an External Control Block as its single parameter. In general, the External Control Block can be used as a means of communication with run-time systems that are not part of DEBUG. For example, in debugging the language SCAN we may want to allow the user to set breakpoints on events such as a SCAN pattern-match. The External Control Block will be the data structure that we use to communicate with the SCAN run-time system.

The DBGEXTSV_FACILITY_ID field identifies which run-time system is being called. The VAX/VMS facility code is used. Thus, it is assumed that there will be at most one DBGEXT entry point in the run-time code of any facility. Currently, legal values are the facility codes for ADA, PPA, and SCAN. This field may not actually be looked at (if desired, the run-time system may do a sanity check for the right value).

Since there are several functions we want each run-time system to perform for us, there is a DBGEXT\$W_FUNCTION_CODE field which specifies which function is to be performed.

All functions return a status code in the DBGEXT\$L_STATUS field. for all functions, there is a DBGEXT\$L_FLAGS field which can be used as a bitvector of flags. The exact use of these flags depends on the function.

The use of the remaining fields of the data structure depends upon the "FACILITY_ID" field and upon the "FUNCTION_CODE" field.

NOTE: DEBUG makes these calls with ASTs disabled. It is required that the run-time code not reenable ASTs during its execution.

000000000 0000000

14 0	for most functions (some functions, e.g. GET_REGISTERS and SET_REGI use a longer control block, displayed later).
16 0	0 !unused ! V_FACILITY_ID ! DBGEXT\$W_FUNCTION_CODE !
18 0	1 DBGEXT\$L_STATUS
20 0	2 (some flags unused) DBGEXT\$L_FLAGS
22 0	3 reserved for future use
24 0	4 DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE
6 0	5 DBGEXT\$L_TASK_NUMBER
8 0	6 unused V_HOLD V_STATE DBGEXT\$W_SPECIFIED_FLAGS
ŏ ŏ	7 DBGEXT\$V_PRIORITY

The following fields are present when the "FACILITY_ID" field is "ADA" and the function code is DBGEXT\$K_GET_REGISTERS.
DBGEXT\$K_SET_REGISTERS,
DBGEXT\$K_SET_ACTIVE.

For all other functions, the smaller block (without the register fields) is passed in. !unused ! V_FACILITY_ID : DBGEXT\$W_FUNCTION_CODE DBGEXT\$L_STATUS (some flags unused) DBGEXT\$L_FLAGS reserved for future use DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE DBGEXT\$L_TASK_NUMBER !unused !V_HOLD! V_STATE : DBGEXTSW_SPECIFIED_FLAGS DBGEXT\$V_PRIORITY DBGEXT\$L_PRINT_ROUTINE 9 DBGEXT\$L_EVENT_ID 10 DBGEXT\$L_RO 11 DBGEXT\$L_R1 12 DBGEXT\$L_R2 13 DBGEXT\$L_R3 DBGEXT\$L_R4 14 15 DBGEXT\$L_R5 DBGEXT\$L_R6 16 DBGEXT\$L_R7 17 DBGEXT\$L_R8 18 DBGEXT\$L_R9 19 DBGEXT\$L_R10 20 21 DBGEXT\$L_R11 22 DBGEXT\$L_AP 23

DBGEXT\$L_FP

		K 15 15-Sep-1984 2 15-Sep-1984 2	3:02:11
: 0194 0 : 0195 0	24	DBGEXT\$L_SP	
0196 0	25	DBGEXT\$L_PC	
0199 0 0200 0 0201 0 0202 0	26	DBGEXT\$L_PSL :	

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742 Page 6 _\$255\$DUA28:[DEBUG.SRC]DBGEXT.REQ;1 (5)

```
CONTROL BLOCK FIELDS
                   FIELD DBGEXTSHEADER_FIELDS =
                                DBGEXTSW_FUNCTION_CODE
DBGEXTSV_FACILITY_ID
! reserved
                                                                                                                             =
                                 DBGEXT$L_STATUS
                                DBGEXT$L FLAGS
DBGEXT$V_ALL
DBGEXT$V_FULL
                                                                                                                                                       0, 32, 0],
0, 1, 0],%((WHAT WILL ALL DO?-tbs))%
1, 1, 0],%((explain FULL -tbs))%
                                              DBGEXT$V_PSEUDO_GO = [ 2, 2, 1, 0],
! Pseudo-go is set by the run-time system on return to DEBUG to
! indicate that DEBUG must do a pseudo-GO to accomplish the function.
                                                   Used only for function SET_ACTIVE (see discussion under SET_ACTIVE).
                                              DBGEXT$V_NO_HEADER = [ 2, 3, 1, 0]
! Suppresses output of headers on a SHOW_TASK, SHOW_STATISTICS,
! or SHOW_DEADLOCKS.
                                                                                                                             = [ 0, 4, 28, 0];
= [ 4; 0; 32; 0];
                                                    reserved
                                                    reserved
                                 TES:
                   FIELD DBGEXT$ADA_FIELDS =
                              LD DBGEXT$ADA_FIELDS =

SET

DBGEXT$L_TASK_VALUE

DBGEXT$L_TASK_NUMBER

DBGEXT$W_SPECIFIED_FLAGS

DBGEXT$V_STATE_SPECIFIED

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_SPECIFIED

! reserved

DBGEXT$V_STATE_RUNNING

DBGEXT$V_STATE_READY

DBGEXT$V_STATE_READY

DBGEXT$V_STATE_TERMINATED

DBGEXT$V_HOLD
! reserved

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_OO

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_OO

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_OO

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_OO

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_OS

DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_OS
                                                                                                                                                        =
```

```
M 15
15-Sep-1984 23:02:11
15-Sep-1984 22:42:35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742
$255$DUA28:[DEBUG.SRC]DBGEXT.REQ;1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_11
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_12
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_13
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_14
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_15
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_16
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_17
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_17
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_19
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_20
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DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_21
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_22
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_23
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DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_27
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_30
DBGEXT$V_PRIORITY_31
DBGEXT$L_PRINT_ROUTINE
DBGEXT$L_EVENT_ID
TES;
                      777777777777777777777789.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1234567890100
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            TES:
                                                                                                                                                                  FIELD DBGEXT$REG_FIELDS =

SET

DBGEXT$L_R0

DBGEXT$L_R1

DBGEXT$L_R2

DBGEXT$L_R3

DBGEXT$L_R4

DBGEXT$L_R5

DBGEXT$L_R6

DBGEXT$L_R7

DBGEXT$L_R7

DBGEXT$L_R8

DBGEXT$L_R9

DBGEXT$L_R10

DBGEXT$L_R10

DBGEXT$L_R11

DBGEXT$L_R11

DBGEXT$L_PC

DBGEXT$L_PC

DBGEXT$L_PSL

TES;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       [10, ...
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ................
                                                                                                                                                              DBGEXTSK_HEADER_SIZE
DBGEXTSK_ADA_SIZE1
DBGEXTSK_ADA_SIZE2
DBGEXTSK_MAX_SIZE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Size of header in longwords
Size of block for ADA (without regs)
Size of block for ADA (with regs)
Max of above sizes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   = 46.
= 27:
= 27:
                                                                                                                                                                           MACRO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       DBGEXT$CONTROL_BLOCK = BLOCK [DBGEXT$K_MAX_SIZE]

FIELD ( DBGEXT$HEADER_FIELDS,
DBGEXT$ADA_FIELDS,
DBGEXT$REG_FIELDS) %:
333
```

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: 0317 0

.

Generally, multiple priorities and states are valid as input when calling the ADA run time system but are not valid as output values on return from the call. Therefore, the following constants are provided for convenience in setting and testing the contents of the fields DBGEXT\$V_STATE and DBGEXT\$V_PRIORITY. They define the only possible values of the respective fields when multiple priorities and states are not allowed. Constants for DBGEXT\$V_HOLD are provided for completeness. LITERAL DBGEXT\$K_MIN_STATE DBGEXT\$K_MAX_STATE %((superfluous? -tbs))% DBGEXT\$S_STATE
DBGEXT\$K_STATE_RUNNING
DBGEXT\$K_STATE_READY
DBGEXT\$K_STATE_SUSPENDED
DBGEXT\$K_STATE_TERMINATED 10. = 4 size of DBGEXTSV_STATE ! values for DBGEXTSV_STATE = 1 . = 1 4 DBGEXT\$S_HOLD DBGEXT\$K_HOLD size of DBGEXT\$V_HOLD values for DBGEXT\$V_HOLD DBGEXTSK_HOLD

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_00

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_01

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_02

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_03

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_04

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_05

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_06

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_07

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_07

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_09

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_10

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_10

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_11

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_11

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_12

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_13

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_15

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_15

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_16

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_17

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_18

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_19

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_19

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_20

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_21

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_21

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_22

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_23

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_23

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_24

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_25

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_28

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_27

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_30

DBGEXTSK_PRIORITY_31 ! size of DBGEXT\$V_PRIORITY ! values for DBGEXTSV_PRIORITY = 1 = 1 = 1 . = 1 . = 1 = 1 . = 1 = 1 . = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = = = = = = = = = = = = = =

FECILITY CODES

The following are the possible values of the DBGEXT\$V_FACILITY_ID field. These correspond to the different run-time system we are communicating with.

ADAS FACILITY
PPAS FACILITY
SCNS FACILITY

!*QUES* %((-tbs))%
! Do PPA and SCAN have facility mnemonics and codes? Are the ! above guesses correct?

!-

FUNCTION CODES

The following are the possible values of the DBGEXTSW_FUNCTION_CODE field when the contents of the FACILITY_ID field is ADASFACILITY. These correspond to the functions that the ADA run-time system will be asked to perform.

Summary of the defined function codes

```
DBGEXTSK_MIN_FUNCT
                          = 1.
                                 ! For CASE bounds
```

These are used to obtain and convert task values

DBGEXTSK_CVT_VALUE_NUM = 1,

DBGEXTSK_CVT_NUM_VALUE = 2,

DBGEXTSK_NEXT_TASK = 3,

These are used to ask ADA to display task information DBGEXT\$K_SHOW_TASK = 4, DBGEXT\$K_SHOW_STATISTICS = 5, DBGEXT\$K_SHOW_DEADLOCK = 6,

These are used to get and set various attributes of one or more tasks

Task state

DBGEXTSK_GET_STATE

DBGEXTSK_GET_ACTIVE

DBGEXTSK_SET_ACTIVE

DBGEXTSK_SET_TERMINATE

DBGEXTSK_SET_HOLD = 8. = 16. = 11.

Task priority
DBGEXTSK_GET_PRIORITY
DBGEXTSK_SET_PRIORITY
DBGEXTSK_RESTORE_PRIORITY = 12: = 14.

Task registers
DBGEXTSK_GET_REGISTERS
DBGEXTSK_SET_REGISTERS = 15.

These are used to control definable events

DBGEXTSK_ENABLE_EVENT DBGEXTSK_DISABLE_EVENT = 17. = 18.

= 18: ! For CASE bounds DBGEXTSK_MAX_FUNCT

LITERAL

A minimum task code is defined for CASE statement bounds.

DBGEXT\$K_MIN_FUNCT = 1,

CVT_VALUE_NUM takes a task value and converts it to a task number.

INPUT - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

OUTPUT - The task number is returned in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_NUMBER field.

(If the task does not exist, this function returns status STS\$K SEVERE).%((TASK DOES NOT EXIST CODE? -tbs))%% ((VALUE IS NOT LEGAL OR ACCVIO? -tbs))%

DBGEXT\$K_CVT_VALUE_NUM = 1.

CVT_NUM_VALUE takes a task number and converts it to a task value.

INPUT - The task number is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_NUMBER field.

OUTPUT - The task value is returned in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

(If the task does not exist, this function returns status STS\$K_SEVERE).%((TASK DOES NOT EXIST CODE? -tbs))%

DBGEXT\$K_CVT_NUM_VALUE = 2.

NEXT_TASK gives a task value and asks ADA to specify the "next" task. The ordering of tasks is up to the ADA run-time system. The only requirement on order is that if we start with any task, and repeatedly ask for the "next" without giving the user program control in between, then we will cycle through all the tasks and return to the task we started with. If selection criteria are imposed, then we will cycle through all tasks which match that criteria.

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

If the TASK_VALUE field is zero (implying the NULL task) the next task will be the main task of the program.

The ALL flag is ignored, ADA will consider it on by default.

The set of tasks to cycle through can be restricted by imposing a selection criteria. The PRIORITY, and/or STATE, and/or HOLD fields can contain values which a task must match to be part of the set (e.g. SHOW TASK/PRI=3/HOLD/STATE=READY). When such a restriction is desired, the DBGEXT\$V_xxx_SPECIFIED bits must be set accordingly. If no restriction is desired, the SPECIFIED bits must be zero. A task must match all the criteria which are specified to be part of the set.

!%((Multiple PRI and STATE can be given as these are bit fields -tbs))%

OUTPUT - The "next" task value is returned in DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE.

DBGEXT\$K_NEXT_TASK = 3.

SHOW_TASK is used to request that ADA display information about a specified task.

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

The address of a print routine that ADA is to call, to display the information, is placed in the field DBGEXT\$L_PRINT_ROUTINE (see DBG\$PRINT_ROUTINE below).

If the DBGEXT\$V_FULL bit is set, more detailed information is displayed.

OUTPUT - none.

DBGEXTSK_SHOW_TASK

= 4.

SHOW_STATISTICS requests that the ADA run-time system display statistics about the overall state of the multitasking system.

INPUTS - The address of a print routine is given in the field DBGEXT\$L_PRINT_ROUTINE.

If the DBGEXT\$V_FULL bit is set, more detailed information is displayed.

OUTPUT - none.

DBGEXTSK_SHOW_STAT

= 5,

SHOW_DEADLOCK requests that the ADA run-time system display information about deadlocks within the multitasking system.

INPUTS - The address of a print routine is given in the field DBGEXT\$L_PRINT_ROUTINE.

If the DBGERT\$V_FULL bit is set, more detailed information is displayed.

OUTPUT - none.

DBGEXT\$K_SHOW_DEADLOCK = 6.

GET_STATE inquires about the "state" and HOLD condition of a task. The "state" can be one of RUNNING, READY, SUSPENDED, TERMINATED. The state codes are defined below.

INPUT - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

OUTPUTS - A code representing the state is returned in thex %((V_STATE -tbs))% DBGEXT\$W_STATE field.

The DBGEXT\$V_HOLD field is also set if the task is on HOLD.

DBGEXT\$K_GET_STATE

= 7.

GET_ACTIVE obtains the task value of the active task.

(The active task is that task in whose context (stack and register set)

DEBUG is executing. This is contrasted with the "visible task" -
the task whose register set is temporarily in use by DEBUG
as a default for the purposes of SHOW CALLS, EXAMINE, etc.).

INPUTS - none

OUTPUT - The task value of the active task is returned in DBGEXT\$L TASK VALUE.

%((Can the active task be the null task? -tbs))%

DBGEXT\$K_GET_ACTIVE

= 8.

SET_ACTIVE requests the run-time system to switch the active task to that given in DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE. The "long form" DBG control block is used. The registers provided by DEBUG in the control block are those of the (currently) active task. The run-time system uses these to save the registers of the active task. It may also modify this register set, (currently only the PC and PSL). When this call returns, DEBUG should use the possibly-modified register values as the active register set. If the PSEUDO GO bit is set, DEBUG should then perform the actions of a normal GO, except that ASTs are left disabled. This "pseudo-GO" will enter special run-time code that will switch-out the currently active task, switch-in the requested active task, and reinvoke DEBUG in that task. (A special event code is assigned to this "reinvoke DEBUG event". The reinvokation event signifies to DEBUG that certain components of its state are to be gotten from values saved from DEBUG's prior incarnation, not those at the reinvokation event. One such saved state component is the "AST enablement" status - whether ASTs were enabled when DEBUG was invoked.)

Despite these gyrations, to the user typing DBG> SET TASK/ACTIVE T1, it appears he has entered a simple command immediately followed by a DBG> prompt.

INPUTS - The task value of the to-become-active task is set in DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE.

The registers of the (currently) active task are stored in fields DBGEXT\$L_RO through DBGEXT\$L_PSL.

OUTPUTS - The register set of the new active task, as modified by the run-time system, in DBGEXT\$L_RO through DBGEXT\$L_PSL.

The DBGEXT\$V_PSEUDO_GO flag may be set, in which case, DEBUG should perform a "pseudo go" operation.

DBGEXT\$K_SET_ACTIVE

= 9.

SET_TERMINATE is used to cause ADA to terminate a task. It is used to implement the command SET TASK/TERMINATE.

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

If the TASK_VALUE field is zero and the ALL flag
is set, then the function is done for all tasks.

OUTPUT - none

DBGEXT\$K_SET_TERMINATE = 10.

SET_HOLD is used to put a task on hold or to release a task that was previously put on hold. It is used to implement the command SET TASK/HOLD which leaves the state of a task as-is, except that each task is marked HOLD.

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the ***BGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

If the TASK_VALUE field is zero and the ALL flag is set, then the function is done for all tasks.

!X((Will the /ALL selection criteria be used for the SET_xxx codes? -tbs))%

The desired status of HOLD is placed into the DBGEXT\$V_HOLD field. (1 => HOLD, 0 => RELEASE)

%((Is the request 1=>1 or 0=>0 legal? -tbs))%

OUTPUT - none

DBGEXT\$K_SET_HOLD

= 11.

GET_PRIORITY inquires about the priority of a specified task.

INPUT - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

OUTPUT - The priority is returned in the DBGEXT\$W_PRIORITY field.

DBGEXT\$K_GET_PRIORITY = 12.

SET_PRIORITY is used to set the priority of a specified task.

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

If the TASK_VALUE field is zero and the ALL flag is set, then the function is done for all tasks.

The desired priority is placed in the DBGEXT\$W_PRIORITY field.

OUTPUT - none.

DBGEXT\$K_SET_PRIORITY = 13,

RESTORE_PRIORITY is used to restore the priority of a task back to its normal value (as it would be without DEBUG intervention).

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

If the TASK_VALUE field is zero and the ALL flag is set, then the function is done for all tasks.

OUTPUT - none.

DBGEXT\$K_RESTORE_PRIORITY = 14

GET_REGISTERS is used to obtain the register set of a task.

INPUT - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

OUTPUTS - The register values are returned in the DBGEXT\$L_RO through D3GEXT\$L_PSL fields.

NOTE: Only DEBUG knows the register set of the active task hence, this call is invalid for the active task. A return status of STS\$K_SEVERE is returned.

DBGEXT\$K_GET_REGISTERS = 15,

SET_REGISTERS is used to change the register values of a task. This may be needed, for example, in SET TASK T; DEPOSIT R5 = 0;60

INPUTS - The task value is placed in the DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field.

The register values are placed in the DBGEXT\$L_RO through DBGEXT\$L_PSL fields.

OUTPUT - none.

NOTE: Only DEBUG knows the register set of the active task hence, this call is invalid for the active task. A return status of STS\$K_SEVERE is returned.

DBGEXT\$K_SET_REGISTERS = 16,

ENABLE EVENT is used during processing of a "SET BREAK/EVENT=" or "SET TRACE/EVENT=" command to enable reporting of a given kind of event.

INPUTS - The DBGEXT\$L_EVENT_ID field contains a code identifying the event being enabled. The possible values of this code are defined below.

The DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field contains a task value further qualifying the event being enabled. This may be zero if the "ALL" flag is lit.

for example, if we are enabling "task termination" and we supply a task value, then we only want to break on termination of that task. If we enable "task termination" events and set the ALL flag, we want to be notified of any task termination.

OUTPUT - none

DBGEXTSK_ENABLE_EVENT

= 17,

DISABLE_EVENT is used during processing of a "CANCEL BREAK/EVENT=" or "CANCEL TRACE/EVENT=" command to disable reporting of a given kind of event.

INPUTS - The DBGEXT\$L_EVENT_ID field contains a code identifying the event being disabled. The possible values of this code are defined below.

The DBGEXT\$L_TASK_VALUE field contains a task value further qualifying the event being disabled. This may be zero if the "ALL" flag is lit.

OUTPUT - none

DBGEXT\$K_DISABLE_EVENT = 18.

A maximum task code is defined for CASE statement bounds.

DBGEXT\$K_MAX_FUNCT

= 18:

COMPLETION STATUS

The run time system has two means of providing a completion status -- the return value of the function and the contents of DBGEXT\$L_STATUS.

function Return Value --

The run time system should, as its first action, attempt to read and verify the field DBGEXT\$V_FACILITY_ID in DBGEXT\$CONTROL_BLOCK. Optionally, it may also PROBE the control block for read/writability. If the FACILITY_ID is correct, the run time system should eventually return:

STS\$K_SUCCESS

- service successfully completed

Otherwise, the run time system should immediately return:

STS\$K_SEVERE

- service failed

This helps to insure that an incorrect External Control Block will be detected before it is written to.

Contents of DBGEXT\$L_STATUS --

All other status and error conditions will be placed in the STATUS field of the control block. The possible values of the STATUS field are a composite of severity level and message number. Only two severity values are used. They are given by STS\$V_SEVERITY:

STS\$K_SUCCESS

- service successfully completed

In this case the message number (STS\$V_MSG_NO) is zero.

STS\$K_ERROR

- service failed

In this case the message number (STS\$V_MSG_NO) is one of the following:

LITERAL

DBGEXT\$K_FUNCTION_NOT_IMP = 0.

The function requested is not implemented by the facility.

DBGEXT\$K_TASK_NOT_EXIST = 1,

! Task number cannot be translated to a task value because the task does ! not exist. Or task value does not point to a currently existing task ! (this cannot always be detected).

DBGEXT\$K_TASK_IS_ACTIVE = 2.

Returned on a SET_REGISTER or GET_REGISTER function for the active task. The run time system cannot access the registers of teh active task.

DBGEXT\$K_TASK_IS_NULL = 3;

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0817 0 0818 0 ! Returned on a SET_ACTIVE function for the null task.

PRINT ROUTINE INTERFACE

The following defines how to use the DEBUG print routine whose address is given in the DBGEXT\$L_PRINT_ROUTINE field.

BIND

DBG\$PRINT_ROUTINE = .control_block [DBG\$L_PRINT_ROUTINE];

DBG\$PRINT_ROUTINE (NEW_LINE, STRING_TO_PRINT, FAO_ARG_1, FAO_ARG_2, ... FAO_ARG_n) : NOVALUE

NEW_LINE - this can have one of two values:

O - Place the given string in the output buffer.
 1 - If the given string is non-zero, first place it in the buffer. In all cases, output the buffer to the screen.

STRING_TO_PRINT

this is a pointer to a counted ascii string E.g., UPLIT (%ASCIC 'Output this text') This may be zero if the ACTION_CODE is 'NEWLINE'.

There may be FAO arguments following the string. The string thus may contain embedded FAO commands such as '!AC', '!SL', and oon.

!X((FIXUP - THIS EXTENSION IS NOT GOOD!!) X

In addition, there will be a DEBUG-specific extension to FAO which can be used for symbolizing addresses. There will be a new command '!SA' for "symbolize address". This indicates that the corresponding FAO argument is an address. It's symbolization is to be embedded into the string.

FAO_ARG1 through FAO_ARGn - optional parameters for FAO arguments.

Example: suppose FOO\L is located at address 200. Then:

DBG\$PRINT_ROUTINE (DBGEXT\$K_NEWLINE, UPLIT (%ASCIC 'Task switch at location !SA'), 200);

This would output:

"Task switch at location FOO\L"

```
EVENT ID
        The following define the possible values of the DBGEXT$L_EVENT_ID field.
                    These are the predefined events that we can break or trace on.
                 LITERAL
                       DBGEXTSK_MIN_EVENT_CODE
                                                                = 0.
                                                                = 0.
                       DBGEXTSK_INVOKE_DEBUG
                                                                            ! Unconditional DEBUG invokation
0883
0884
0885
0886
0887
0888
                       DBGEXTSK_TASK_ACTIVATION
DBGEXTSK_TASK_SUSPENSION
DBGEXTSK_TASK_SWITCH_FROM
DBGEXTSK_TASK_SWITCH_TO
DBGEXTSK_TASK_TERMINATION
                                                                = 1.
                                                                               First transition of a task to RUNNING 
Iransition from RUNNING to SUSPENDED
                                                                               Transition from RUNNING to some state
                                                                               Transition from some state to RUNNING
                                                                             ! Any kind of termination
0889
                          Ada specific tasking codes:
0890
                       DBGEXT$K_TASK_ABORT_TERM
DBGEXT$K_TASK_EXCEP_TERM
DBGEXT$K_TASK_EXCEP_REND
DBGEXT$K_TASK_ENTRY_CALL
DBGEXT$K_TASK_ACCEPT
DBGEXT$K_TASK_SELECT
                                                                = 6.
= 7.
= 8.
= 9.
= 10.
0891
                                                                               Termination by abort
0892
                                                                               Termination by unhandled exception
0893
                                                                               Exception propagating out of rendezvous
0894
                                                                               Executing an entry call
0895
                                                                               Executing an accept
0896
                                                                = 11.
                                                                            ! Executing a select
0897
0898
```

= 11:

DBGEXTSK_MAX_EVENT_CODE

0899

The Event Control Block is the data structure that the ADA (or other) facility passes to DEBUG when it signals that a given event has occured.

for example, if you do a SET BREAK/ADAEVENT=TASK_SWITCH_TO, then when a task switch occurs, the ADA run-time system will signal the special signal DBG\$_EVENT. A pointer to an "Event Control Block" is passed as the "FAO argument" of DBG\$_EVENT. (E.g., LIB\$SIGNAL (DBG\$_EVENT, 1, .EVENT_CONTROL_BLOCK). (Note that this condition cannot properly be an SS\$ condition because they are not allowed to have FAO arguments other than PC and PSL (except for the hardware conditions). Hence, the facility DBG was chosen. This condition is a DEBUG-defined condition that anyone can signal. The FAO count of 1 is required so that the message conforms to a legal format for a message vector.) Through proper use of the SEVERITY field and the NOMESSAGE bit in the condition, the signaller can be assured that events will be "reflected" by Traceback should DEBUG not be mapped into the image (for some reason). So there really are no restrictions on when this condition can be signalled.

The control block contains a code indicating the facility that has originated the event and another code to indicate what event has occurred. It also contains message text to be output announcing the event.

The following illustrates the Event Control Block:

DBGEXT\$L_EVNT_FACILITY_II
DBGEXT\$L_EVNT_EVENT_ID
DBGEXT\$L_EVNT_FLAGS
DBGEXT\$L_EVNT_MESSAGE_TXT
DBGEXT\$L_EVNT_ARG_COUNT
DBGEXT\$A_EVNT_ARG_VECT

```
FIELD DBGEXTSEVNT_FIELDS =
```

```
DBGEXT$L_EVNT_FACILITY_ID = [0, 0, 32, 0],

DBGEXT$L_EVNT_EVENT_ID = [1, 0, 32, 0],

DBGEXT$L_EVNT_FLAGS = [2, 0, 32, 0],

DBGEXT$V_EVNT_MORE_TEXT = [2, 0, 1, 0], ! flag bit 0

DBGEXT$V_EVNT_REENTRY = [2, 1, 1, 0], ! flag bit 1

DBGEXT$L_EVNT_MESSAGE_TXT = [3, 0, 32, 0],

DBGEXT$L_EVNT_ARG_COUNT = [4, 0, 32, 0],

DBGEXT$A_EVNT_ARG_VECT = [5, 0, 0, 0]
```

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DBGEXTSK_EVNT_BASE_SIZE = 5:

0970 0971

0972

0973 0974

0975

0976

0977 0978

0979

0980

0994

0995 0996 0997

0998

0999

1008

1009

1010

1011 1012 DBGEXTSEVENT_CONTROL_BLOCK(NUM_ARGS) =
BLOCK [DBGEXTSK_BASE_SIZE 7 NUM_ARGS ,LONG]
FIELD (DBGEXTSEVNT_FIELDS)%;

Explanation of fields:

FACILITY_ID field:

The code for the facility signaling the event. If the CUST_DEF bit is set the event is a "user event". Otherwise, the only supported codes are ADA, PPA, and scan.

EVENT_ID field:

This field contains the event code. Event codes are numbered from 1 within each facility. Event code 0 is reserved in all facilities. It represents the unconditional event, that is, unconditional DEBUG entry. If the EVENT_ID field is zero, the REENTRY bit is checked.

MESSAGE_TXT field:

This is a pointer to a counted ascii string. The string represents a message to be printed when the event occurs and is fomatted as an "fao control string". The string may take FAO arguments. The string may also contain the DEBUG extension to FAO, '!SA', in order to symbolize an address. This extension is described above. NOTE: if this field is 0, it indicates that there is no message.

ARG_COUNT field:

Count of the number of FAO arguments that go with the text.

ARG_VECT field:

A vector of FAO arguments.

MORE_TEXT flag:

If this flag is TRUE, it indicates that DEBUG is to return control at the point of the signal after displaying the message. This is to be used for output of multi-line messages. (I.e., the run-time system should then resignal the event with the next line of message text in the MESSAGE_TXT

REENTRY flag:

If this flag is TRUE, then this event is a DEBUG-reetnry event that has occurred after a PSEUDO_GO. DEBUG is thereby instructed to restore certain components of its state from the values they had at DEBUG's last incarnation (e.g. AST enablement). for this flag to be checked by DEBUG, the EVENT_ID field MUST BE ZERO, thus indicating

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unconditional entry to DEBUG.

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REGISTERING EVENTS WITH DEBUG

DEBUG's event handling feature is available to user programs as well as Digital software. DEBUG maintains an event table for each facility that chooses to register its events with DEBUG.

Registering an event with DEBUG is very simple. The facility need only signal the following signal after DEBUG has been invoked in an image:

> LIB\$SIGNAL(DBG\$_REGISTER_EVENTS, first_event_condition, second_event_condition,

A list of event conditions is chained below a master condition of DBG\$_REGISTER_EVENTS. This signal may be raised as many times as desired to add more events to DEBUG's event table. Since DEBUG derives the facility number from the event condition, events for different facilities may be registered with the same signal.

The event conditions appearing in the message vector must be defined in the facilities message file. The string defined in the message file is the string that DEBUG will use to name the event.

For example, suppose we wish to add an event of PLIS_TASK_SWITCH. The following would do it:

- 1. Add to PLI's message file: PLIS_FACILITY = xxx TASK_SWITCH "TASK_SWITCH"
- 2. Register the event with DEBUG LIB\$SIGNAL(DBG\$_REGISTER_EVENTS, PLI\$_TASK_SWITCH)

After the registration, any user can then type SET BREAK/EVENT=PLI\$_TASK_SWITCH

A command SET EVENT/FACILITY="PLIS" can be used so the facility prefix can be omitted, e.g. SET BREAK/EVENT=TASK_SWITCH This will then not be confused with an Ada task switch. SET EVENT/NOFACILITY will eliminate the automatic prfixing of event names.

To simplify the registration of events by facilities, any facility should provide an entry point that users can call from the DEBUGGER to load the events of that facility. To load PLI's events, then, a user would merely type

DBG> CALL PLIS_LOAD_EVENTS

** Obviously, Ada's events should be registered with this same general mechanism

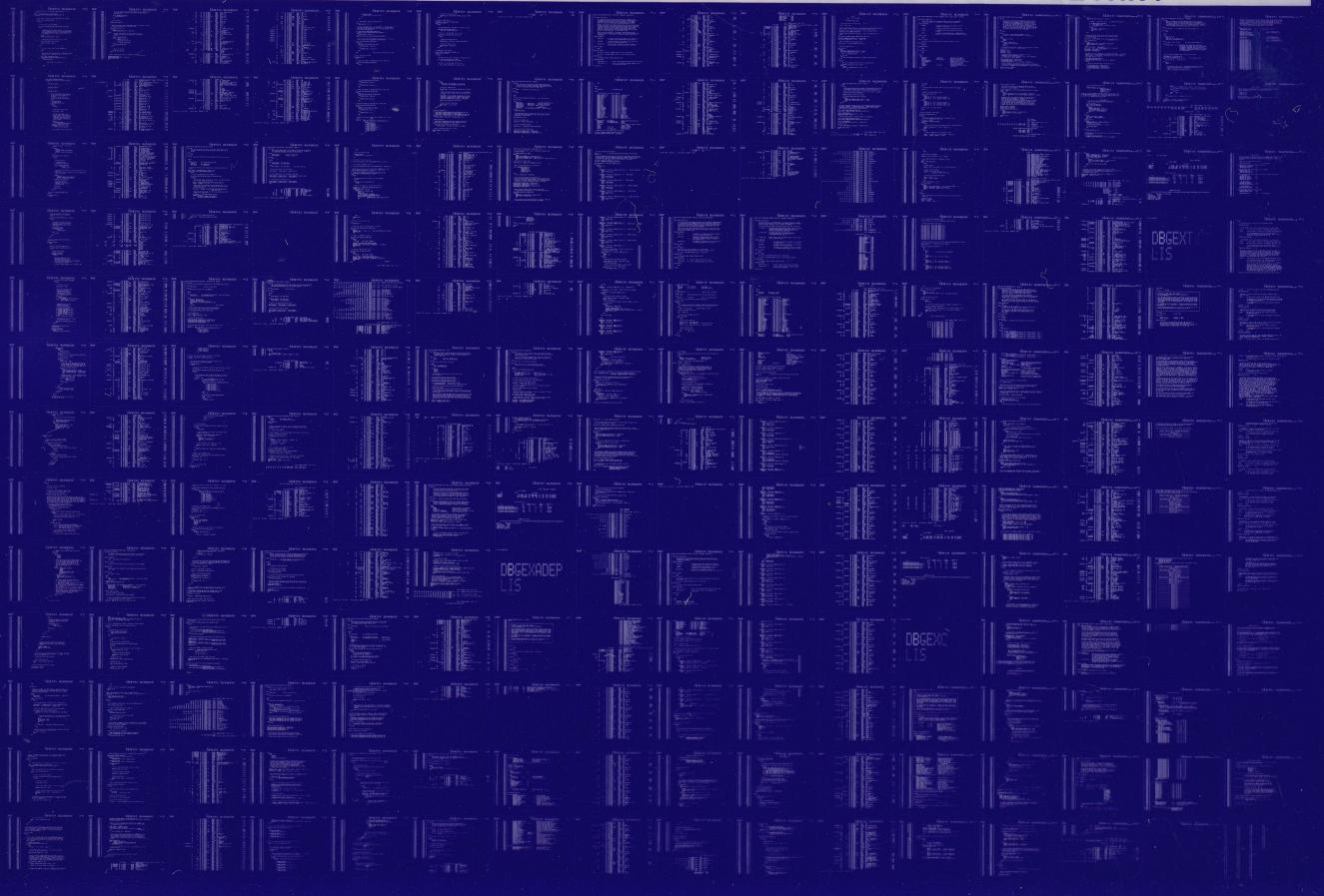
COMMAND QUALIFIERS

BLISS/LIBRARY=LIBS:DBGEXT.L32/LIST=LISS:DBGEXT.LIS SRCS:DBGEXT.REQ

Run Time: 00:06.5 Elapsed Time: 00:09.6 Lines/CPU Min: 9962 Lexemes/CPU-Min: 15106 Memory Used: 38 pages Library Precompilation Complete

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